Registration number: 10428979

Exeter Learning Academy Trust

(A company limited by guarantee)

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 August 2018

Thompson Jenner LLP Statutory Auditor 1 Colleton Crescent Exeter Devon EX2 4DG

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Reference and Administrative Details

Members	Mr A Burrows Mr R Edwardson Ms C Quick
Trustees (Directors)	Mr L Montgomery Ms O'Meara (resigned 30 April 2018) Mr O Raud Ms E Walker-Brown Rev M Nightingale (resigned 4 October 2017) Mr J Stone Ms D Buckingham Ms A Boyce (appointed 5 January 2018) Mr B Cook (appointed 27 November 2017)
Chief Executive Officer	Mr J Stone
Senior Management Team	Mr J Stone, Chief Executive Officer Ms A Grant, Business Manager (resigned 4 January 2018) Mrs D Buckingham, School Improvement Officer Ms P Woodbridge, Business Manager (commenced 22 February 2018)
Principal and Registered Office	St Thomas Primary School Union Street Exeter Devon EX2 9BB
Company Registration Number	10428979
Auditors	Thompson Jenner LLP Statutory Auditor 1 Colleton Crescent Exeter Devon EX2 4DG
Solicitors	Tozers Broadwalk House Southernhay West Exeter Devon EX1 1UA

Trustees' Report



The trustees present their annual report together with the financial statements and auditor's report of the charitable company for the period September 2017 to 31st August 2018. The annual report serves the purposes of both a trustees' report, and a directors' report under company law.

The trust operates four primary academies in the South West England. Its academies have a combined pupil capacity of 1295 and had a roll of 1219 in the school census on 4th October 2018.

Structure, Governance and Management

Constitution

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The Academy Trust is a company limited by guarantee and an exempt charity. The charitable company's memorandum and articles of association are the primary governing documents of the academy trust. The trustees of Exeter Learning Academy Trust Limited are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law. The charitable company is known as Exeter Learning Academy Trust.

Details of the trustees who served during the year are included in the Reference and Administrative Details on page 1.

Members' Liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the charitable company in the event of it being wound up while they are a member, or within one year after they cease to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding $\pounds 10$, for the debts and liabilities contracted before they ceased to be a member.

Trustees' Indemnities

Trustees benefit from indemnity insurance purchased by the Academy Trust, from the Risk Protection Arrangement, to cover the liability of the Trustees which by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise attach to them in respect of any negligence, default or breach of trust or breach of duty of which they may be guilty in relation to the Academy Trust, provided that any such insurance shall not extend to any claim arising from any act or omission which the Trustees knew to be a breach of trust or breach of duty or which was committed by the Trustees in reckless disregard to whether it was a breach of trust or breach of duty or not and provided also that any such insurance shall not extend to the costs of any unsuccessful defence to a criminal prosecution brought against the Trustees in their capacity as Directors of the Academy Trust. The limit of this indemnity is £10,000,000.

Method of Recruitment and Appointment or Election of Trustees

On incorporation, the first Trustees of the newly formed Academy were appointed for a term of four years from the date of incorporation.

The Academy's Board of Trustees comprises the Chief Executive Officer (who is a Headteacher), the Director of Teaching and Learning (who is also a Headteacher), two Parent Trustees, two Foundation Trustee and a local authority trustee. In addition, the Secretary of State has the right under certain circumstances to appoint further trustees as provided for in the Articles of Association.

Trustees' Report (continued)

The Academy Trust shall have the following Trustees as set out in its Articles of Association and funding agreement:

- up to 12 Trustees, appointed under Article 50; and
- a minimum of 2 Parent Trustees elected or appointed under Articles 53-[56]/[56B] in the event that no Local Governing Bodies are established under Article 100a or if no provision is made for at least 2 Parent Local Governors on each established Local Governing Body pursuant to Article 101A.

The Academy Trust may also have any Co-opted Trustee appointed under Article 58.

Trustees are appointed for a four year period, except that this time limit does not apply to the Chief Executive Officer. Subject to remaining eligible to be a particular type of Trustee, any Trustee can be re-appointed or re-elected.

When appointing new Trustees, the Board will give consideration to the skills and experience mix of existing Trustees in order to ensure that the Board has the necessary skills to contribute fully to the Academy's development.

Policies and Procedures Adopted for the Induction and Training of Trustees

The training and induction provided for new Trustees will depend upon their existing experience but would always include a tour of the Academy and a chance to meet staff and pupils. All Trustees are provided with copies of those policies, procedures, minutes, accounts, budgets, plans and other documents that they will need to undertake their role as Trustees. As there are normally only two or three new Trustees a year, induction tends to be done informally (but in accordance with the Trustee Recruitment Policy) and is tailored specifically to the individual.

There is a Trustees' and LGBs away day organised each year which includes training sessions to keep the Trustees updated on relevant developments impacting on their roles and responsibilities. We also buy in to Babcock LDP Governors' Support Services which are well used by all four schools.

Organisational Structure

The Board of Trustees meets at least four times a year. The Board has established an overall framework for the governance of the Academy and has determined the membership, terms of reference and procedures of the Audit and Finance Committee. It receives reports including policies from this Committee for ratification. It monitors the activities of the Committee through the minutes of their meetings. The Trust Executive Board also monitors, evaluates and reviews Academy policy, practice and performance in relation to curriculum planning, communications, target setting and assessment, examinations and all pastoral issues. The committee also deals with premises and facilities issues, including Health and Safety matters and ICT. The Board may from time to time establish Working Groups to perform specific tasks over a limited timescale.

In this period there was one main committee as follows:

Audit and Finance Committee - this was formed in May 2017 and met five times in the year. The Committee is responsible for monitoring, evaluating and reviewing policy and performance in relation to financial management, compliance with reporting and regulatory requirements and reporting, receiving reports from the internal auditors and recommending the annual budget, including staffing levels, for approval to the Trust Executive Board.

The committee also deals with personnel matters, and will monitor, evaluate and review Academy policy, practice and performance in relation to Personnel and staffing issues.

In addition, committees are formed on an ad hoc basis where required to cover other matters such as Exclusions.

The following decisions are reserved to the Board of Trustees: to consider any proposals for changes to the status or constitution of the Academy and its committee structure, to appoint or remove the Chairman and/or Vice Chairman, and to appoint the Chief Executive Officer.

Trustees' Report (continued)

The Trustees are responsible for setting general policy, approving the Trust Improvement Plan and budget, approving the statutory accounts, monitoring the Academy by the use of budgets and other data, and making major decisions about the direction of the Academy, capital expenditure and senior staff appointments.

The members and Board of Trustees have devolved responsibility for day to day management of the Academy to the Chief Executive Officer and Director of Teaching and Learning, who make up the senior leadership team (SLT) of the Trust.

The SLT controls the Academy at an executive operational level, implementing the policies laid down by the Trustees and reporting back to them.

Some spending control is devolved to Headteachers and Local Governing Bodies, who are authorised in line with the Scheme of Delegation. Headteachers are responsible for the appointment of all staff except Headteachers who are appointed by the Trust Executive Board.

The Academy Trust comprises four primary schools:

- Alphington Primary School
- Bowhill Primary School
- Ide Primary School
- St Thomas Primary School

Each school is an Academy in its own right forming part of the chain of academies within the Exeter Learning Academy Trust, with a single Board of Directors overseeing the whole academy chain.

The Chief Executive Officer is the Accounting Officer and Chief Financial Officer.

Arrangements for setting pay and remuneration of key management personnel

The Pay Policy sets out the remuneration of the key staff. Local Governing Bodies are responsible for the school staff and the Trust Executive Board is responsible for the Trust Staff; the CEO, Director of Teaching and Learning and the Business Manager. A remuneration committee is part of the Audit and Finance committee and each school has its own remuneration committee. Teachers' Pay and Conditions standards are used as well as job evaluation and performance appraisal outcomes against targets.

Related Parties and other Connected Charities and Organisations

Some of the Trust Directors are still Directors of the Exeter Learning Trust (ELT). This is the former Trust body which our schools belonged to, prior to forming Exeter Learning Academy Trust. ELT was due to be closed down when ELAT schools converted but due to land conversion issues, this has not been able to be carried out yet. As soon as the land has transferred formally to ELAT ownership, these Directorships will cease and ELT will be closed as a Trust.

ELAT Objectives and Activities

Our vision: Creating our Future Together

Our Values: Loyalty Equality Aspiration Resilience Nurture

<u>Our Rationale</u>: To build on and strengthen existing relationships between schools by making a commitment to school to school support and ensuring a more effective self-improvement structure in order to meet our aims.

Trustees' Report (continued)

At Exeter Learning Academy Trust, we aim to get the best for, and from, each child. We intend to enable each child to realise his or her full academic, creative and physical potential and to develop positive social and moral values. Our Academy is a community in which children, staff and parents are part of an environment where high aspiration and standards are achieved as the result of the exemplary practice from the professionals in each of the schools.

Our Aims: Working together to ensure aspirational outcomes for all learners in the trust by:

Maximising achievement

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- Collaborating to share best practice
- Challenging and supporting each other
- Being forward thinking and outward looking
- Creating opportunities to improve the quality of provision
- Equipping learners to reason and think creatively

We are ambitious to grow our Trust for children aged 0-18 across the region. We will promote our school ethos and support mechanisms to other schools whilst the founding schools become embedded within the Trust and plan to expand to include other schools from the 2018/19 academic year.

We have established our Members and Trust Executive Boards and have appointed a Chief Executive Officer who is also the Accountable Officer for the Trust and a School Improvement Officer who is a registered local leader. We have also appointed a Trust Business Manager.

The Trust Executive Board is accountable for the capacity, standards, outcomes (especially vulnerable children) and safeguarding in each member school. The Trust firmly believes a model for school effectiveness is one that builds capacity and creates self-improving schools. We recognise that each school goes through 'seasons' with many factors that can impact on school effectiveness.

Our Trust strategy aims to promote these features to minimise the impact of a dip in school effectiveness by:

- Good and outstanding schools supporting others and to grow capacity for school improvement.
- Schools support each other in collaborative partnerships using strengths across schools.
- Building internal school improvement capacity and resilience.
- High standards of teaching ensure all pupils make good progress and pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds achieve age related expectations.
- Swift, decisive action where school performance and provision needs to be improved.

Objectives, Strategies and Activities

The Academy's main strategy is to create and promote a happy and enriching learning environment by working in partnership with parents and the community that will inspire children to achieve high standards. The Academy hopes that by celebrating the children's achievements, helping them fulfil their potential, respecting their differences and encouraging kindness, consideration and respect for each other and their environment, we will foster self-esteem and

Trustees' Report (continued)

provide a sound foundation for their future life. The Academy aims do it's very best to offer a broad and balanced curriculum and a large range of extra-curricular activities.

The Academy has reviewed its development plan and is setting a new three-year Business Plan, which details how it intends to achieve the aims and objectives. Our strategic objectives for the next three years are shown below:

- 1. Enhancing governance for the Trust and all academies. Ensuring the Trust Board and its Committees have sufficient skills and resources, act in the best interests of the Trust and demonstrate clarity of vision, sound financial management practices and effective oversight to achieve the best possible economies.
- 2. Local Governing Bodies: Ensure LGBs receive guidance and support to provide required strategic governance and assurance to the Trust Board.
- 3. School Recruitment: ELAT is now well established had has significant strengths across the four founder schools. The trust is in a strong position to work with and develop other schools and is looking to expand its family of schools over the next financial period.
- 4. School Improvement: We will support all existing and future academies to achieve improved school effectiveness and progress for pupils. We will monitor and review schools and provide challenge and support to achieve improvements.
- 5. Teaching and Learning: We will ensure our academies provide the best teaching and learning across the Trust and support our teachers and pupils to achieve the best possible outcomes. Teaching will be at least good whilst aiming for outstanding. Progress will be at least good through clear analysis and intervention.
- 6. Finance and Services: We will ensure sound financial policies, procedures and controls are in place to enable robust financial governance. We will review services provide to schools and develop central, shared support services where appropriate, to minimise cost and maximise central support across schools. We will identify and manage opportunities to bid for additional funding for specific projects.
- 7. **Professional Development:** The Trust will ensure continuing professional development opportunities for staff to ensure they have the right skills to further improve teaching and learning and support each other to develop. Outstanding teachers will be identified and supported to share their expertise across the Trust. A central performance management model will be provided across the Trust.
- 8. Partnerships: We will build on existing partnerships to support our schools to develop school effectiveness, teaching and learning, and business opportunities.
- 9. Marketing: We will develop our marketing strategy and publish our ethos, plans and performance, with regular updates, to enable us to clearly show progress, opportunities and to attract other schools to join our Trust.

Public Benefit

The Trustees confirm that they have complied with the duty in Section 17(5) of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit in exercising their powers or duties. They have referred to this guidance when reviewing the Academy's aims and objectives and in planning its future activities.

The Academy aims to advance for the public benefit, education in Exeter and the surrounding areas. In particular, but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, by estimating, maintaining, managing and developing schools, offering a broad curriculum for all.

Trustees' Report (continued)

Strategic Report

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Achievements and Performance

Below is an initial review of the headline data for the Exeter Learning Academy Trust using the un-validated data from the statutory tests and assessments for the academic year 2017/18.

		Key S	Stage 2 – Attainm	ient	
	Academy	Alphington	Bowhill	Ide	St Thomas
Reading, writing	61% (64)	64% (15)	54% (6)	71% (23)	64% (11)
and maths combined (% achieving the higher standard)	National in brackets	GD in brackets			
Reading	71% (75)	69% (36)	70% (19)	93% (14)	65% (31)
Writing	77% (78)	80% (29)	75% (8)	93% (28)	69% (7)
Maths	71% (71)	76% (31)	69% (15)	71% (2)	75% (17)
		Key S	tage 2 – scaled so	cores	
Reading	104	105	103	106	104
Maths	104	105	102	105	104
		Key Stage 2	– Disadvantaged	Attainment	
		Alphington	Bowhill	Ide	St Thomas
Reading, writing and maths combined	41%	39%	40%	N/A	45%
Reading	54%	47% (7)	60% (20)	N/A	55% (9)
Writing	54%	47% (7)	70% (5)	N/A	45% (0)
Maths	54%	62% (15)	45% (5)	N/A	55% (18)
		Key	Stage 2 – scaled s	core	
Reading	100	101	100	N/A	100
Maths	101	103	99	N/A	100

Trustees' Report (continued)

- In 3 out of the 4 schools children achieved above the expected standard or matched it in reading, writing and maths when compared to other schools nationally.
- St Thomas continued to improve and children made very good progress in writing

Areas to develop:

- To share the good practice in mathematics across the trust to ensure all children make good progress and all schools achieve higher standards.
- To ensure that the disadvantaged children reaching expected standards is comparable to other Children nationally.
- Ensure that pupils who achieved the higher level at Key Stage 1 are targeted at Key Stage 2

		Key	Stage 1 – Attainme	nt	
	Academy	Alphington	Bowhill	Ide	St Thomas
Reading, writing and maths combined	57%	68%	55%	62%	45%
Reading	82%	83%(28)	76%(30)	86%(14)	76%(14)
Writing	66%	73%(22)	66%(16)	75%(5)	52%
Maths	75%	78%(28)	77%(15)	80%(10)	66% (4)
		Year	1 – Phonics Screen	ing	-
		Alphington	Bowhill	Ide	St Thomas
Phonics	88%	93%	86%	88%	85%
			Foundation		
		Alphington	Bowhill	Ide	St Thomas
% achieving a GLD	61%	74%	58%	75 %	36%
			Summary		

Strengths:

- High percentage of children achieving the expected standard in the phonics screening in all trust schools.
- High standards for Foundation and Key Stage 1 at Alphington and Ide

Areas to develop:

- To align baseline assessments for trust schools.
- To increase the percentage of children achieving a Good Level of Development in Foundation at St Thomas and Bowhill.

Trustees' Report (continued)

- To ensure the percentage of children achieving the expected standard in Key Stage 1 is at least in line with National averages.
- To ensure that all pupils make expected or better progress from Foundation to Key Stage 2.

Key Performance Indicators

The impact of our improvement strategy has been measured by the following KPIs:

- There is evidence that improvement work has had an impact for young people educated within the MAT and attainment and progress have a rising trend.
- There is a clear strategic vision and business plan for the Trust.
- There is a clear accountability framework for the performance of the Trust that all staff understand, including what happens when key staff under-perform (annual staff surveys are in place to confirm understanding)
- There is a quality assurance systems in place to improve consistency and performance.
- Trust-wide school improvement strategies recognise the different interventions needed at each stage of their improvement journey.
- There is a programme of school to school support, focused on the needs of individual academies.
- There is evidence of skilled management of Trust Risk indicators.
- There is evidence that our academies demonstrate excellent leadership, including governance, and this inspirational leadership will be shared across academies (school reviews enabled us to identify a central resource of potential shared leadership across the MAT)
- Our academies are able to accurately self-evaluate and have a culture of continuous improvement and high aspirations
- High-quality CPD of staff means our academies attract and retain the very best. Cluster groups have been set up to share information across the academies and to develop skills and expertise and recommend staff across schools.
- All academies are financially solvent, have reserves and have submit five-year financial plans.

Going Concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the board of trustees has a reasonable expectation that the academy trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the Statement of Accounting Policies.

Financial Review

Most of the Academy's income is obtained from the DfE via the ESFA in the form of recurrent grants, the use of which is restricted to particular purposes. The grants received from the DfE during the year ended 31 August 2018 and the associated expenditure are shown as Restricted Funds in the Statement of Financial Activities.

The Academy also receives grants for fixed assets from the DfE which are shown in the Statement of Financial Activities as restricted income in the Fixed Asset Fund. The Restricted Fixed Asset Fund balance is reduced by annual

Trustees' Report (continued)

depreciation charges over the useful life of the assets concerned, as defined in the Academy's Financial Procedures.

During the year ended 31^{st} August 2018, total expenditure (excluding restricted fixed assets funds and pensions reserves) of £5,667,634 was covered by recurrent grant funding from the DfE, together with other incoming resources of £5,712,161. The excess of income over expenditure for the year excluding restricted fixed asset funds and pensions reserves was £18,348.

The Academy has taken on the deficit in the Local Government Pension Scheme in respect of its non-teaching staff transferred on conversion. The deficit is incorporated within the Statement of Financial Activity with details in Note 24 to the financial statements.

Key financial policies adopted or reviewed during the year include the Financial Procedures which lay out the framework for financial management, including financial responsibilities of the Board, Head Teacher, managers, budget holders and other staff, as well as delegated authority for spending.

Reserves Policy

The Trustees review the reserve levels of the Academy annually. This review encompasses the nature of income and expenditure streams, the need to match income with commitments and the nature of reserves. The Trustees take into consideration the future plans of the Academy, the uncertainty over future income streams and other key risks identified during the risk review.

The policy of the Trustees is to maintain a level of reserves that will be adequate to provide a stable basis for the continuing activity of the Multi Academy Trust having in mind such factors as fluctuations in anticipated pupil numbers, whilst ensuring that excessive funds are not accumulated. This is assessed over a five year budget period. Limited fluctuations due to pupil numbers is expected and the policy is to maintain end of year reserves no less than one month's operating costs which is £480,000. Reserves are currently higher than the target at £562,110 but in the next five years schools have planned deficits which will be funded from the reserves.

The defined benefit pension scheme reserve has a negative balance. The effect of the deficit position of the pension scheme is that the Academy Trust is paying higher employers' pension contributions over a period of years. The higher employers' pension contributions will be met from the Academy Trust's budgeted annual income. Whilst the deficit will not be immediately eliminated, there should be no actual cash flow deficit on the fund, nor any direct impact on the free reserves of the Academy Trust.

Investment Policy

All funds surplus to immediate requirements may be invested in accordance with the Academy's Investment Policy Statement. The MAT does not currently hold any investments. The policy will be determined as need arises.

Due to the nature of funding, the Academy may at times hold cash balances surplus to its short term requirements. The Trustees may authorise the opening of additional short term bank investment accounts or invest in individual fixed income securities such as Certificates of Deposit, U.K Treasury Bonds, and other similar instruments with an average duration of less than one year to take advantage of higher interest rates. No other form of investment is authorised.

Trustees are committed to ensuring that all funds under their control are managed in such a way as to maximise return whilst minimising risk. Any investment shall therefore be with providers covered by the Financial Services Compensation Scheme. Day to day management of the surplus funds is delegated to the Chief Executive Officer and Business Manager in accordance with the Academy's Investment Policy Statement.

Trustees' Report (continued)

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

Comprehensive risk analysis is undertaken at the Trust Audit and Finance Committee meetings and recommendations for improvements made to the Trust Executive Board. The main risks identified in the March 2018 Risk Register are:

- 1. Receive less income than budgeted due to reduced national funding
- 2. Receive less income than expected due to falling pupil numbers
- 3. Overall performance decreasing
- 4. Schools not improving significantly after targeted school improvement support
- 5. Increasing staff absence
- 6. Insufficient development of Trust results in lower budgets and negative view of Trust
- 7. Facilities and equipment in need of repair/replacement and insufficient funds to cover

Fundraising

The Trust undertakes fundraising on an ad-hoc basis by Trust employees. The Trust has not engaged the services of professional fundraisers during 2017/18. The Trust has also not worked with commercial participators or professional fundraisers as the level of fundraising during 2017/18 was minimal.

Any fundraising would confirm to recognised standards and be monitored.

Any complaints regarding fundraising would be dealt with by the Chief Executive Officer.

Plans for Future Periods

The current plans for the future include:

- Building a robust infrastructure including the permanent appoint of key staff.
- Refining and developing trust wide systems to enable effective school improvement.
- Developing the breadth of skills of the directors and ensuring the accountability structures have a positive impact.
- Raising standards and achieving good attainment and progress in all the academies.
- Growing the MAT so that systems are more sustainable and key roles can be developed.

Funds Held as Custodian Trustee on Behalf of Others

The Academy and its Trustees do not act as the Custodian Trustees of any other Charity.

Trustees' Report (continued)

Auditor

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Insofar as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Trustees' report, incorporating a strategic report, was approved by order of the board of trustees, as the company directors, on 3rd December 2018 and signed on the board's behalf by:

101 Signed: Liam Montgomery

Chair of Trustees

Governance Statement

Scope of Responsibility

As trustees we acknowledge we have overall responsibility for ensuring that Exeter Learning Academy Trust has an effective and appropriate system of control, financial and otherwise. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The board of trustees has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Chief Executive Officer, as accounting officer, for ensuring financial controls conform with the requirements of both propriety and good financial management and in accordance with the requirements and responsibilities assigned to it in the funding agreement between Exeter Learning Academy Trust and the Secretary of State for Education. They are also responsible for reporting to the board of trustees any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

Governance

The information on governance included here supplements that described in the Trustees' Report and in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities. The board of trustees has formally met four times during the year. Attendance during the year at meetings of the board of trustees was as follows:

Trustee Name	Attended	of a possible
Mr Liam Montgomery	3	3
Mr Justin Stone	3	3
Mrs Debbie Buckingham	3	3
Mrs Sarah O'Meara	2	2
Mrs Emma Walker-Brown	2	3
Mr Oliver Raud	2	3
Mr Brian Cook	2	2
Ms Ann Boyce	2	2

The Audit and Finance Committee is a sub-committee of the main Board of Trustees. The committee met regularly to consider the matters within its remit, including budgetary and financial matters, and to consider the internal auditor's reports.

Attendance at meetings in the year was as follows:

Trustee	Meetings attended	Out of a possible
Mr Liam Montgomery	4	4
Mr Justin Stone	4	4
Mrs Debbie Buckingham	4	4
Mrs Sarah O'Meara	1	1
Mrs Emma Walker-Brown	4	4
Mr Oliver Raud	3	4
Mr Brian Cook	4	4
Ms Ann Boyce	4	4

Governance Statement (continued)

The Academy Trust recognises the need to review the effectiveness of the Board of Trustees on an annual basis. The Board have developed a director skills matrix and the next self-evaluation will take place together with an external review of governance in Spring 2018.

Review of Value for Money

As accounting officer, the Chief Executive Officer has responsibility for ensuring that the Academy Trust delivers good value in the use of public resources. The accounting officer understands that value for money refers to the educational and wider societal outcomes achieved in return for the taxpayer resources received.

The accounting officer considers how the trust's use of its resources has provided good value for money during each academic year, and reports to the board of trustees where value for money can be improved, including the use of benchmarking data where appropriate. The accounting officer for the academy trust has delivered improved value for money during the year by:

- Strengthening financial oversight and governance to ensure costs are adequately controlled including the use of robust internal controls.
- The provision of centralised services to the 4 schools, thereby benefitting from economies of scale across the Academy Trust.

The Purpose of the System of Internal Control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives. It can, therefore, only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of academy trust policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in Exeter Learning Academy Trust for the period 1st September 2017 to 31 August 2018 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

Capacity to Handle Risk

The board of trustees has reviewed the key risks to which the Academy Trust is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The board of trustees is of the view that there is a formal on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing the Academy Trust's significant risks that has been in place for the period 1st September 2017 to 31 August 2018 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements. This process is regularly reviewed by the board of trustees.

The Risk and Control Framework

The Academy Trust's system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information and administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular it includes:

- comprehensive budgeting and monitoring systems with an annual budget and periodic financial reports which are reviewed and agreed by the board of trustees
- regular reviews by the finance and general purposes committee of reports which indicate financial performance against the forecasts and of major purchase plans, capital works and expenditure programmes
- setting targets to measure financial and other performance
- clearly defined purchasing (asset purchase or capital investment) guidelines
- delegation of authority and segregation of duties
- identification and management of risks

Governance Statement (continued)

The board of trustees has considered the need for a specific internal audit function and has decided to appoint Thompson Jenner LLP as the external auditor, with an additional internal auditor role and requirement to perform additional checks. The internal auditor's role includes giving advice on financial matters and performing a range of checks on the academy trust's financial systems. In particular the checks carried out in the current period included:

- review of Governance
- testing procedures for managing income

On a termly basis, the auditor reports to the board of trustees, through the Audit and Finance Committee on the operation of the systems of control and on the discharge of the board of trustees' financial responsibilities.

Review of Effectiveness

As Accounting Officer the Chief Executive Officer has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. During the year in question the review has been informed by:

- the work of the internal and external auditor
- the financial management and governance self-assessment process
- the work of the executive managers within the academy trust who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework

The accounting officer has been advised of the implications of the result of their review of the system of internal control by the Audit and Finance Committee and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

Approved by order of the members of the board of trustees on 3|12|18'

and signed on its behalf by:

Justin Stone Accounting Officer

Liam Montgomery Chair of Trustees

Statement on Regularity, Propriety and Compliance

As Accounting Officer of Exeter Learning Academy Trust I have considered my responsibility to notify the academy trust Governing Body and the Education & Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with terms and conditions of all funding received by the academy trust, under the funding agreement in place between the academy trust and the Secretary of State for Education. As part of my consideration I have had due regard to the requirements of the Academies Financial Handbook 2017.

I confirm that I and the academy trust Governing Body are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the academy trust, or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding under the academy trust's funding agreement and the Academies Financial Handbook 2017.

I confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the Governing Body and ESFA.

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Mr J Stone Accounting officer

Date: 3/12/18

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The Trustees (who act as the governors of Exeter Learning Academy Trust and are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with the Annual Accounts Direction published by the Education & Skills Funding Agency, United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law the Trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP 2015 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2017 to 2018;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards [FRS 102] have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees are responsible for ensuring that in its conduct and operation the charitable company applies financial and other controls, which conform with the requirements both of propriety and of good financial management. They are also responsible for ensuring grants received from the ESFA/DfE have been applied for the purposes intended.

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by order of the members of the Board on (3, 12) and signed on its behalf by:

ASE

Mr J Stone Chief Executive Officer

Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements to the Members of Exeter Learning Academy Trust

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Exeter Learning Academy Trust (the 'Academy') for the year ended 31 August 2018, which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities incorporating Income and Expenditure Account, Balance Sheet, Statement of Cash Flows, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Academy's affairs as at 31 August 2018 and of its results for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP 2015 and Academies Accounts Direction 2017 to 2018.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Academy in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Academy's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The Trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements to the Members of Exeter Learning Academy Trust (continued)

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Trustees' Report (incorporating the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report) for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Trustee's Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Annual Report and financial statements.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Trustees remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of Trustees

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As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities [set out on page 15], the Trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the Academy's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the Academy or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Academy's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Trustees.

Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements to the Members of Exeter Learning Academy Trust (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Academy's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Academy to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Academy to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Academy audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Academy's Trustees, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Academy's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Academy and its Trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Simon Lewis (Senior/Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of Thompson Jenner LLP, Statutory Auditor

1 Colleton Cres Exeter Devon EX2 4DG

Date: 12 December 2018

Independent Reporting Accountant's Report on Regularity to Exeter Learning Academy Trust and the Education & Skills Funding Agency

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 25 April 2017 and further to the requirements of the Education & Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) as included in the Academies Accounts Direction 2017 to 2018, we have carried out an engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by Exeter Learning Academy Trust during the period 1 September 2017 to 31 August 2018 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

This report is made solely to Exeter Learning Academy Trust and the ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we may state to Exeter Learning Academy Trust and the ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Exeter Learning Academy Trust and the ESFA, for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the Governing Body's accounting officer and the reporting accountant

The Accounting Officer is responsible, under the requirements of the Governing Body's funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education dated 19 December 2016 and the Academies Financial Handbook extant from 1 September 2017, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received is applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Academies Accounts Direction 2017 to 2018. We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the year from 1 September 2017 to 31 August 2018 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Approach

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Academies Accounts Direction 2017 to 2018 issued by ESFA. We performed a limited assurance engagement as defined in our engagement letter.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity.

A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

Our engagement includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity and propriety of the academy trust's income and expenditure.

The work undertaken to draw to our conclusion includes:

- Inspection and review of documentation providing evidence of governance procedures.
- Evaluation of the system of internal control for authorisation and approval.
- Performing substantive tests on relevant transactions.

Independent Reporting Accountant's Report on Regularity to Exeter Learning Academy Trust and the Education & Skills Funding Agency (continued)

Conclusion

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In the course of our work, nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the year from 1 September 2017 to 31 August 2018 has not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

..... Simon Lewis For and on behalf of Thompson Jenner LLP, Chartered Accountants 1 Colleton Crescent Exeter Devon EX2 4DG

Date: 1.2 December 2018

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Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (including Income and Expenditure Account)

	Note	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted General Funds £	Restricted Fixed Asset Funds £	2017/18 Total £
Income and endowments from	n:				
Voluntary income Donations and capital grants Transfer from local authority	2	25,932	81,364	32,686	139,982
on conversion	26	-	-	5,681,500	5,681,500
Charitable activities: Funding for the Academy trust's educational operations Other trading activities Investments	3 4 5	130,480 152,498 462	5,321,425	- - -	5,451,905 152,498 462
Total		309,372	5,402,789	5,714,186	11,426,347
Expenditure on:					
<i>Charitable activities:</i> Academy trust educational operations	7	127,430	5,966,204	48,036	6,141,670_
Net income/(expenditure)		181,942	(563,415)	5,666,150	5,284,677
Transfers between funds		(6,000)	(20,179)	26,179	-
Other recognised gains and losses					
Actuarial gains on defined benefit pension schemes	24		572,000		572,000
Net movement in funds/(deficit)		175,942	(11,594)	5,692,329	5,856,677
Reconciliation of funds					
Total funds/(deficit) brought forward at 1 September 2017		160,724	(2,004,962)	175,820	(1,668,418)
Total funds/(deficit) carried forward at 31 August 2018		336,666	(2,016,556)	5,868,149	4,188,259

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Statement of Financial Activities for the Period from 14 October 2016 to 31 August 2017 (including Income and Expenditure Account)

	Note	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted General Funds £	Restricted Fixed Asset Funds £	2016/17 Total £
Income and endowments from	m:				
Voluntary income					
Donations and capital grants	2	10,720	49,861	45,460	106,041
Transfer from local authority on conversion		261,409	-	132,566	393,975
Charitable activities:					
Funding for the Academy					
trust's educational operations	3	49,488	3,544,464	-	3,593,952 123,023
Other trading activities Investments	4 5	123,023 703	-	-	703
	5				
Total		445,343	3,594,325	178,026	4,217,694
Expenditure on:					
Charitable activities:					
Academy trust educational	-	274 019	3,401,494	27,700	3,704,112
operations	7	274,918			
Net income		170,425	192,831	150,326	513,582
Transfers between funds		(9,701)	(15,793)	25,494	-
Other recognised gains and losses					
Opening defined benefit					
pension scheme liability		-	(2,073,000)	-	(2,073,000)
Actuarial gains on defined benefit pension schemes	24		(109,000)		(109,000)
Net movement in funds/(deficit)		160,724	(2,004,962)	175,820	(1,668,418)
Reconciliation of funds					
Total funds/(deficit) carried					
forward at 31 August 2017		160,724	(2,004,962)	175,820	(1,668,418)

The land and buildings associated with the Academy's schools were not included in the 2017 accounts on the basis that the transfer from the Local Authority had not occurred at the balance sheet date. The transfer of land and buildings associated with two of the schools has now taken place and the relevant land and buildings have been included in the 2018 accounts.

Thus, the overall deficit position at 31 August 2017 shown above is the result of the absence of land and buildings together with the LGPS deficit position, as explained in note 24. Please refer to the 2018 Statement of Financial Activities and Balance Sheet for the current financial position of the Trust.

(Registration number: 10428979) Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2018

	Note	31 August 2018 £	31 August 2017 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	12	16,016	27,817
Tangible assets	13	5,829,111	136,584
		5,845,127	164,401
Current assets			
Stocks	14	1,300	5,943
Debtors	15	230,812	148,889
Cash at bank and in hand		733,510	780,175
		965,622	935,007
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	16	(380,490)	(379,826)
Net current assets		585,132	555,181
Total assets less current liabilities		6,430,259	719,582
Net assets excluding pension liability		6,430,259	719,582
Pension scheme liability	24	(2,242,000)	(2,388,000)
Net assets/(liabilities) including pension liability		4,188,259	(1,668,418)
Funds of the Academy:			
Restricted funds			
Restricted general fund		225,444	383,038
Restricted fixed asset fund		5,868,149	175,820
Restricted pension fund		(2,242,000)	(2,388,000)
		3,851,593	(1,829,142)
Unrestricted funds			
Unrestricted general fund		336,666	160,724
Total funds		4,188,259	(1,668,418)

The financial statements on pages 23 to 52 were approved by the Trustees, and authorised for issue on 31226 and signed on their behalf by:

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Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 31 August 2018

		31 August 2018	31 August 2017
	Note	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net cash provided by operating activities	20	5,648,949	826,592
Cash flows from investing activities	21	(5,695,614)	(46,417)
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year		(46,665)	780,175
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 September		780,175	
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 August	22	733,510	780,175

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018

1 Accounting policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted (which have been applied consistently, except where noted), judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty, is set out below.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the academy trust, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Accounting their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Academies Accounts Direction 2017 to 2018 issued by ESFA, the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

Going concern

The trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate i.e. whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the company to continue as a going concern. The trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of at least one year from the date of authorisation for issue of the financial statements and have concluded that the academy trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and there are no material uncertainties about the academy trust's ability to continue as a going concern, thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Income

All incoming resources are recognised when the academy trust has entitlement to the funds, the receipt is probable and the amount can be measured reliably.

Grants

Grants are included in the Statement of Financial Activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the balance sheet. Where income is received in advance of meeting any performance-related conditions there is no unconditional entitlement to the income and its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income until the performance-related conditions are met. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

General Annual Grant is recognised in full in the Statement of Financial Activities in the year for which it is receivable and any abatement in respect of the period is deducted from income and recognised as a liability.

Capital grants are recognised in full when there is an unconditional entitlement to the grant. Unspent amounts of capital grants are reflected in the balance sheet in the restricted fixed asset fund. Capital grants are recognised when there is entitlement and are not deferred over the life of the asset on which they are expended.

Sponsorship income

Sponsorship income provided to the academy trust which amounts to a donation is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities in the period in which it is receivable (where there are no performance-related conditions), where the receipt is probable and it can be measured reliably.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Donations

Donations are recognised on a receivable basis (where there are no performance-related conditions) where the receipt is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

Other income

Other income, including the hire of facilities, is recognised in the period it is receivable and to the extent the academy trust has provided the goods or services.

Donated goods, facilities and services

Goods donated for resale are included at fair value, being the expected proceeds from sale less the expected costs of sale. If it is practical to assess the fair value at receipt, it is recognised in stock and 'Income from other trading activities'. Upon sale, the value of the stock is charged against 'Income from other trading activities' and the proceeds are recognised as 'Income from other trading activities'. Where it is impractical to fair value the items due to the volume of low value items they are not recognised in the financial statements until they are sold. This income is recognised within 'Income from other trading activities'.

Where the donated good is a fixed asset it is measured at fair value, unless it is impractical to measure this reliably, in which case the cost of the item to the donor should be used. The gain is recognised as income from donations and a corresponding amount is included in the appropriate fixed asset category and depreciated over the useful economic life in accordance with the academy trust's accounting policies.

Transfer on conversion

Where assets and liabilities are received by the academy trust on conversion to an academy, the transferred assets are measured at fair value and recognised in the balance sheet at the point when the risks and rewards of ownership pass to the academy trust. An equal amount of income is recognised as transfer on conversion within Donations and capital grant income to the net assets received.

Transfer of existing academies into the trust

Where assets and liabilities are received on the transfer of an existing academy into the academy trust, the transferred net assets are measured at fair value and recognised in the balance sheet at the point when the risks and rewards of ownership pass to the academy trust. An equal amount of income is recognised for the transfer of an existing academy into the academy trust within Donations and capital grant income to the net assets acquired.

Donated fixed assets

Where the donated good is a fixed asset it is measured at fair value, unless it is impractical to measure this reliably, in which case the cost of the item to the donor should be used. The gain is recognised as income from donations and a corresponding amount is included in the appropriate fixed asset category and depreciated over the useful economic life in accordance with the academy trust's accounting policies.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

All resources expended are inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

Expenditure on raising funds

This includes all expenditure incurred by the academy trust to raise funds for its charitable purposes and includes costs of all fundraising activities events and non-charitable trading.

Charitable activities

These are costs incurred on the academy trust's educational operations, including support costs and costs relating to the governance of the academy trust apportioned to charitable activities.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible assets costing $\pounds1,000$ or more are capitalised and recognised when future economic benefits are probable and the cost or value of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost net of amortisation and any provision for impairment. Amortisation is provided on intangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Asset class Software and licences Amortisation method and rate 33.33% straight line

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible fixed assets

Assets costing £1,000 or more are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are carried at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with the aid of specific grants, either from the government or from the private sector, they are included in the Balance Sheet at cost and depreciated over their expected useful economic life. Where there are specific conditions attached to the funding requiring the continued use of the asset, the related grants are credited to a restricted fixed asset fund in the Statement of Financial Activities and carried forward in the Balance Sheet. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged directly to the restricted fixed asset fund in the Statement of Financial Activities. Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with unrestricted funds, depreciation on such assets is charged to the unrestricted fund.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful lives, per the table below.

Assets in the course of construction are included at cost. Depreciation on these assets is not charged until they are brought into use.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Buildings	2% straight line
Furniture and Equipment	20% straight line
Computer Equipment	33.33% straight line

Liabilities

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the academy trust anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the academy trust has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event which it is probable will result in the transfer of economic benefits and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

Leased assets

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Stock

Unsold uniforms and catering stocks are valued at the lower of cost or net realisable value.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Taxation

The academy trust is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes.

Accordingly, the academy trust is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Pension benefits

Retirement benefits to employees of the academy trust are provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme ('TPS') and the Local Government Pension Scheme ('LGPS'). These are defined benefit schemes. The TPS is an unfunded scheme and contributions are calculated so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the academy trust in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by the Government Actuary on the basis of quadrennial valuations using a prospective unit credit method. TPS is an unfunded multi-employer scheme with no underlying assets to assign between employers. Consequently, the TPS is treated as a defined contribution scheme for accounting purposes and the contributions recognised in the period to which they relate.

The LGPS is a funded multi-employer scheme and the assets are held separately from those of the academy trust in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to operating surplus are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset is also recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in other recognised gains and losses.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other recognised gains and losses.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted income funds represent those resources which may be used towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the academy trust at the discretion of the trustees.

Restricted fixed asset funds are resources which are to be applied to specific capital purposes imposed by funders where the asset acquired or created is held for a specific purpose.

Restricted general funds comprise all other restricted funds received with restrictions imposed by the funder/donor and include grants from the Department for Education Group.

Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Academy Trust makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 24, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2016 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 August 2017. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

2 Donations and capital grants

	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted funds £	Restricted fixed asset funds £	2017/18 Total £	2016/17 Total £
Other voluntary income					
Educational trips and visits	-	81,364	-	81,364	49,861
Capital grants	-	-	32,686	32,686	45,460
Other donations	25,932			25,932	10,720
	25,932	81,364	32,686	139,982	106,041

3 Funding for the Academy Trust's educational operations

	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted funds £	2017/18 Total £	2016/17 Total £
DfE/ESFA revenue grants				
GAG	-	4,499,281	4,499,281	2,956,815
PE Grant	-	74,240	74,240	24,684
Universal Infant Free School Meals	-	186,951	186,951	125,200
Pupil Premium	-	261,983	261,983	194,337
Start up grant			_	139,917
		5,022,455	5,022,455	3,440,953

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

2016/17 Unrestricted Restricted 2017/18 funds Total Total funds £ £ £ £ Other government grants SEN 88,275 88,275 75,724 _ 164,051 27,787 Early Years Funding 164,051 -24,877 Other Local Authority Grant 24,877 --103,511 277,203 277,203 Non-government grants and other income 49,488 Other income 130,480 21,767 152,247 3,593,952 130,480 5,321,425 5,451,905 Total grants

3 Funding for the Academy Trust's educational operations (continued)

4 Other trading activities

	Unrestricted funds £	2017/18 Total £	2016/17 Total £
Hire of facilities	30,867	30,867	26,422
Other sales	121,631	121,631	96,601
	152,498	152,498	123,023

5 Investment income

	Unrestricted funds	2017/18 Total	2016/17 Total
	£	£	£
Short term deposits	462	462	703

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

6 Expenditure

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	Non Pay Expenditure				
	Staff costs £	Premises £	Other costs £	2017/18 Total £	2016/17 Total £
Academy's educational operations					
Direct costs Allocated support	4,112,165	-	376,864	4,489,029	2,661,169
costs	773,183	361,195	518,263	1,652,641	1,042,943
	4,885,348	361,195	895,127	6,141,670	3,704,112
Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

6 Expenditure (continued)

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Net income/(expenditure) for the year includes:			
		2017/18 £	2016/17 £
Operating lease rentals		4,271	14,905
Depreciation		36,235	19,752
Amortisation of intangible fixed assets		11,801	7,948
Fees payable to auditor - audit		6,100	6,120
- other audit services		2,670	-
7 Charitable activities			
		2017/18 £	2016/17 £
Direct costs - educational operations		4,489,029	2,661,169
Support costs - educational operations		1,652,641	1,042,943
		6,141,670	3,704,112
	Educational operations £	2017/18 Total £	2016/17 Total £
Analysis of support costs			
Support staff costs	773,183	773,183	502,256
Depreciation	48,036	48,036	27,700
Premises costs	313,159	313,159	190,468
Other support costs	514,169	514,169	316,399
Governance costs	4,094	4,094	6,120
Total support costs	1,652,641	1,652,641	1,042,943

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

8 Staff

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Staff costs

	2018 £	31 August 2017 £
Staff costs during the year were:		
Wages and salaries	3,541,214	2,235,888
Social security costs	272,428	162,791
Operating costs of defined benefit pension schemes	931,702	513,197
	4,745,344	2,911,876
Supply staff costs	140,004	72,178
	4,885,348	2,984,054

Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the academy trust during the year was as follows:

	2017/18 No	2016/17 No
Charitable Activities		
Teachers	62	70
Administration and support	134	142
Management	11	3
	207	215

Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the Academy Trust comprise the trustees and the senior management team as listed on page 1. The total amount of employee benefits (including employers' national insurance contributions) and employers' pension contributions) received by key management personnel for their services to the Academy Trust was $\pounds 205,397$ (2017: $\pounds 137,231$).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

9 Central services

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The academy trust has provided the following central services to its academies during the year: • Finance, Legal, and HR

The academy trust charges for these services on the following basis: The Academy Trust has top sliced income from each school based on de-delegated and ESG funding at each school.

The actual amounts charged during the year were as follows:

	31 August 2018 £
Alphington Primary School	60,844
Bowhill Primary School	72,479
Ide Primary School	20,207
St Thomas Primary School	34,098
	187,628

10 Related party transactions - trustees' remuneration and expenses

One or more trustees has been paid remuneration or has received other benefits from employment with the academy trust. The principal and other staff trustees only receive remuneration in respect of services they provide undertaking the roles of principal and staff members under their contracts of employment, and not in respect of their role as trustees. The value of trustees' remuneration and other benefits was as follows:

Mr J Stone (Accounting Officer / Headteacher):

Remuneration: £60,000 - £65,000 (2017 - £40,000 - £45,000) Employer's pension contributions: £10,000 - £15,000 (2017 - £5,000 - £10,000)

Ms D Buckingham (Trustee / Headteacher):

Remuneration: £65,000 - £70,000 (2017 - £Nil) Employer's pension contributions: £10,000 - £15,000 (2017 - £Nil)

The above remuneration reflects the total remuneration of the individuals for all their employed roles with the Trust. However, they each spend 50% of their time on central Trust business and therefore, the salary cost associated with Trust business is half of the amounts stated above.

Other related party transactions involving the trustees are set out in note 25.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

11 Trustees' and officers' insurance

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The academy trust has opted into the Department for Education's risk protection arrangement (RPA), an alternative to insurance where UK government funds cover losses that arise. This scheme protects trustees and officers from claims arising from negligent acts, errors or omissions occurring whilst on Academy business, and provides cover up to $\pm 10,000,000$. It is not possible to quantify the trustees and officers indemnity element from the overall cost of the RPA scheme.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

12 Intangible fixed assets

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	Software £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 September 2017	35,765	35,765
At 31 August 2018	35,765	35,765
Amortisation		
At 1 September 2017	7,948	7,948
Charge for the year	11,801	11,801
At 31 August 2018	19,749	19,749
Net book value		
At 31 August 2018	16,016	16,016
At 31 August 2017	27,817	27,817

13 Tangible fixed assets

-	Leasehold land and buildings £	Furniture and fixtures £	Plant and equipment £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 September 2017	28,131	71,875	56,330	156,336
Additions	42,094	2,528	2,640	47,262
Inherited assets	5,681,500			5,681,500
At 31 August 2018	5,751,725	74,403	58,970	5,885,098
Depreciation				
At 1 September 2017	-	9,137	10,615	19,752
Charge for the year	1,986	14,935	19,314	36,235
At 31 August 2018	1,986	24,072	29,929	55,987
Net book value				
At 31 August 2018	5,749,739	50,331	29,041	5,829,111
At 31 August 2017	28,131	62,738	45,715	136,584

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

14 Stock

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Stock	31 August 2018 £ 1,300	31 August 2017 £ 5,943
15 Debtors	21 America	21 Amount
	31 August 2018	31 August 2017 £
Trade debtors	£ 21,679	د 13,041
VAT recoverable	68,282	17,758
Prepayments	59,847	68,664
Accrued grant and other income	81,004	49,426
	230,812	148,889
16 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	31 August 2018	31 August 2017
	£	£
Trade creditors	94,457	87,789
Other taxation and social security	67,305	63,208
Accruals	41,243	55,992
Deferred income	110,991	111,019
Pension scheme creditor	66,494	61,818
	380,490	379,826
	31 August 2018 £	31 August 2017 £
Deferred income		
Deferred income at 1 September 2017	111,019	-
Resources deferred in the period	110,991	111,019
Amounts released from previous periods	(111,019)	
Deferred income at 31 August 2018	110,991	111,019

Deferred income relates entirely to Universal Infant Free School Meal money received in advance.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

I / Funas					
	Balance at 1 September 2017 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Gains, losses and transfers £	Balance at 31 August 2018 £
Restricted general funds					
GAG	368,688	4,499,281	(4,631,853)	(38,849)	197,267
PE Grant	-	74,240	(46,063)	-	28,177
SEN	-	88,275	(101,920)	13,645	-
Early Years Funding	-	164,051	(164,051)	-	-
Pupil Premium	-	261,983	(267,008)	5,025	-
Universal Infant Free School					
Meals	-	186,951	(186,951)	-	-
Start Up Grant	14,350	-	(14,350)	-	-
Educational Trips	-	81,364	(81,364)	-	-
Other LA Funding	-	24,877	(24,877)	-	-
Other Restricted Income		21,767	(21,767)		-
	383,038	5,402,789	(5,540,204)	(20,179)	225,444
Restricted fixed asset funds					
Inherited Fixed Assets	82,073	5,681,500	(25,817)	-	5,737,756
GAG Funded Fixed Assets	20,570	-	(10,845)	24,362	34,087
Devolved Formula Capital	59,221	29,702	(8,585)	(4,183)	76,155
School Fund (PTFA)	5,282	-	(40)	6,000	11,242
Big Lottery	8,674	-	(1,989)	-	6,685
Tesco Groundworks		2,984	(760)		2,224
	175,820	5,714,186	(48,036)	26,179	5,868,149
Restricted pension funds					
Pension Liability	(2,388,000)		(426,000)	572,000	(2,242,000)
Total restricted funds	(1,829,142)	11,116,975	(6,014,240)	578,000	3,851,593
Unrestricted funds					
Unrestricted general funds	160,724	309,372	(127,430)	(6,000)	336,666
Total funds	(1,668,418)	11,426,347	(6,141,670)	572,000	4,188,259

17 Funds

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

17 Funds (continued)

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Comparative information in respect of the preceding period is as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Gains, losses and transfers £	Balance at 31 August 2017 £
Restricted general funds				
GAG	2,956,815	(2,584,048)	(4,079)	368,688
PE Grant	24,684	(24,684)	-	-
SEN	75,724	(75,724)	-	-
Early Years Funding	27,787	(27,787)	-	-
Pupil Premium	194,337	(194,337)	-	-
Universal Infant Free School Meals	125,200	(125,200)	-	-
Start Up Grant	139,917	(104,152)	(21,415)	14,350
Educational Trips	49,861	(59,562)	9,701	
	3,594,325	(3,195,494)	(15,793)	383,038
Restricted fixed asset funds				
Inherited Fixed Assets	99,521	(17,448)	-	82,073
GAG Funded Fixed Assets	-	(4,924)	25,494	20,570
Devolved Formula Capital	62,410	(3,189)	-	59,221
School Fund (PTFA)	6,095	(813)	-	5,282
Big Lottery	10,000	(1,326)	-	8,674
	178,026	(27,700)	25,494	175,820
Restricted pension funds				
Pension Liability		(206,000)	(2,182,000)	(2,388,000)
Total restricted funds	3,772,351	(3,429,194)	(2,172,299)	(1,829,142)
Unrestricted funds				
Unrestricted general funds	445,343	(274,918)	(9,701)	160,724
Total funds	4,217,694	(3,704,112)	(2,182,000)	(1,668,418)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

17 Funds (continued)

Analysis of academies by fund balance

Fund balances at 31 August 2018 were allocated as follows:

	Total £
Alphington Primary School	192,954
Bowhill Primary School	211,138
Ide Primary School	30,168
St Thomas Primary School	85,286
Central services	42,564
Total before fixed assets and pension reserve	562,110
Fixed Assets	5,868,149
Pension Liability	(2,242,000)
Total	4,188,259

General Annual Grant

Funds received from the ESFA under the General Annual Grant arrangements for the recurrent expenditure of the Academy as defined in the Funding Agreement.

Other ESFA/DfE Revenue Grants

Funds received rrom the ESFA for:

Rates - refund of non-domestic rates.

Pupil Premium - funds received to raise the atainment of disadvantaged pupils and close the attainment gap between them and their peers.

PE and Sports Grant - funds to make additional and sustainable improvements to the quality of physical education, activity and sports offered.

Universi Infant Free School Meals (UIFSM) - grant provided by the ESFA to support schools to deliver the legal requirement to offer free school meals to all reception, year 1 and year 2 pupils.

Local Authority - Sepcial Educational Needs (SEN) Funding received from the EFSA via the Local Authority to support individual students with a SEN Statement.

Local Authority - Nursery Funding Funding provided to support free nursery hours.

Start Up Grant Funds received when the schools transferred from Local Authority to Academy status.

Trips and visits Funds raised for student trips and visits.

Other Restricted Income Other restricted income including donations for specific expenditure.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

17 Funds (continued)

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Analysis of academies by cost

Expenditure incurred by each academy during the year was as follows:

	Teaching and Educational Support Staff Costs £	Other Support Staff Costs £	Educational Supplies £	Other Costs (excluding Depreciation) £	Total 2018 £
Alphington Primary					
School	1,306,516	76,598	104,026	303,078	1,790,217
Bowhill Primary					
School	1,529,838	198,957	145,991	194,207	2,068,993
Ide Primary School	480,884	39,288	37,398	113,856	671,427
St Thomas Primary					
School	698,898	50,665	38,883	137,292	925,740
Central services		136,204	8,839	491,715	636,758
Academy Trust	4,016,136	501,712	335,137	1,240,148	6,093,135
					Total

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	31 August 2017 £
Alphington Primary School	1,101,784
Bowhill Primary School	1,270,712
Ide Primary School	364,553
St Thomas Primary School	579,603
Central services	361,064
Academy Trust	3,677,716

18 Analysis of net assets between funds

Fund balances at 31 August 2018 are represented by:

	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted general funds £	Restricted fixed asset funds £	Total funds £
Intangible fixed assets	-	-	16,016	16,016
Tangible fixed assets	-	-	5,829,111	5,829,111
Current assets	336,666	605,879	23,077	965,622
Current liabilities	-	(380,490)	-	(380,490)
Pension scheme liability	-	(2,242,000)	-	(2,242,000)
Total net assets	336,666	(2,016,611)	5,868,204	4,188,259

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

18 Analysis of net assets between funds (continued)

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Comparative information in respect of the preceding period is as follows:

	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted general funds £	Restricted fixed asset funds £	Total funds £
Intangible fixed assets	-	-	27,817	27,817
Tangible fixed assets	-	-	136,584	136,584
Current assets	160,724	762,864	11,419	935,007
Current liabilities	-	(379,826)	-	(379,826)
Pension scheme liability		(2,388,000)		(2,388,000)
Total net assets	160,724	(2,004,962)	175,820	(1,668,418)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

19 Commitments under operating leases

Operating leases

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At 31 August 2018 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases was:

	31 August 2018 £	31 August 2017 £
Amounts due within one year	3,108	3,987
Amounts due between one and five years	5,042	10,918
	8,150	14,905

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

	31 August 2018 £	31 August 2017 £
Net income	5,284,677	513,582
Amortisation	11,801	7,948
Depreciation	36,235	19,752
Capital grants from DfE and other capital income	(32,686)	(178,026)
Interest receivable	(462)	(703)
Defined benefit pension scheme obligation inherited	367,000	169,000
Defined benefit pension scheme finance cost	59,000	37,000
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	4,643	(5,943)
Increase in debtors	(81,923)	(148,889)
Increase in creditors	664	379,826
Cash transferred on conversion to an academy trust		33,045
Net cash provided by Operating Activities	5,648,949	826,592

20 Reconciliation of net income to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

21 Cash flows from investing activities

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	31 August 2018 £	31 August 2017 £
Dividends, interest and rents from investments	462	703
Purchase of intangible fixed assets	-	(35,765)
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(47,262)	(56,815)
Capital funding received from sponsors and others	32,686	45,460
Donated assets	(5,681,500)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,695,614)	(46,417)

22 Analysis of cash and cash equivalents

	31 August 2018 f	31 August 2017 f.
Cash at bank and in hand	733,510	780,175
Total cash and cash equivalents	733,510	780,175

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

23 Members' liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up while he/she is a member, or within one year after he/she ceases to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding $\pounds 10$ for the debts and liabilities contracted before he/she ceases to be a member.

24 Pension and similar obligations

The Academy Trust's employees belong to two principal pension schemes: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by Devon County Council. Both are multi-employer defined benefit schemes.

The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS related to the period ended 31 March 2012 and of the LGPS 31 March 2016.

Contributions amounting to $\pounds(66,494)$ (2017 - $\pounds(61,818)$) were payable to the schemes at 31 August 2017 and are included within creditors.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

Introduction

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pensions Regulations (2010) and, from 1 April 2014, by the Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. Membership is automatic for full-time teachers in academies and, from 1 January 2007, automatic for teachers in part-time employment following appointment or a change of contract, although they are able to opt out.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and members contribute on a 'pay as you go' basis - these contributions along with those made by employers are credited to the Exchequer. Retirement and other pension benefits are paid by public funds provided by Parliament.

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Government Actuary, using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014 published by HM Treasury. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions. Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS was carried out as at 31 March 2012 and in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014. The valuation report was published by the Department for Education on 9 June 2014.

The key elements of the valuation and subsequent consultation are:

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

24 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

- employer contribution rates set at 16.48% of pensionable pay (including a 0.08% employer administration charge)
- total scheme liabilities (pensions currently in payment and the estimated cost of future benefits) for service to the effective date of £191,500 million, and notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the notional investments held at the valuation date) of £176,600 million giving a notional past service deficit of £14,900 million
- an employer cost cap of 10.9% of pensionable pay will be applied to future valuations
- the assumed real rate of return is 3.0% in excess of prices and 2% in excess of earnings. The rate of real earnings growth is assumed to be 2.75%. The assumed nominal rate of return is 5.06%.

The TPS valuation for 2012 determined an employer rate of 16.4%, which was payable from September 2015. The next valuation of the TPS is currently underway based on April 2016 data, whereupon the employer contribution rate is expected to be reassessed and will be payable from 1 April 2019.

The employer's pension costs paid to TPS in the period amounted to $\pounds 340,307(2017; \pounds 223,465)$. A copy of the valuation report and supporting documentation is on the Teachers' Pensions website.

Under the definitions set out in Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102), the TPS is an unfunded multi-employer pension scheme. The academy trust has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The academy trust has set out above the information available on the scheme.

Local government pension scheme

The LGPS is a funded defined-benefit scheme, with the assets held in separate trustee-administered funds. The total contribution made for the year ended 31 August 2018 was £289,000 (2017 - £204,000), of which employer's contributions totalled £220,000 (2017 - £162,000) and employees' contributions totalled £69,000 (2017 - £42,000). The agreed contribution rates for future years are 15.4 per cent for employers and 5.5 - 6.8 per cent for employees.

Parliament has agreed, at the request of the Secretary of State for Education, to a guarantee that, in the event of academy closure, outstanding Local Government Pension Scheme liabilities would be met by the Department for Education. The guarantee came into force on 18 July 2013.

Principal actuarial assumptions

	31 August 2018 %	31 August 2017 %
Rate of increase in salaries	3.80	4.20
Rate of increase for pensions in payment/inflation	2.30	2.70
Discount rate for scheme liabilities	2.70	2.60
Inflation assumptions (CPI)	2.30	2.70
RPI increases	3.30	3.60

The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvements in the mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

	31 August 2018	31 August 2017
Retiring today		
Males retiring today	23.50	23.40
Females retiring today	25.60	25.50
Retiring in 20 years		
Males retiring in 20 years	25.80	25.70
Females retiring in 20 years	28.00	27.90
Sensitivity analysis		
	At 31 August 2018	At 31 August 2017
	£	£
Discount rate +0.1%	4,190,000	3,969,000
Discount rate -0.1%	4,405,000	4,172,000
Mortality assumption – 1 year increase	4,434,000	4,199,000
Mortality assumption – 1 year decrease	4,162,000	3,943,000
CPI rate +0.1%	4,392,000	4,153,000
CPI rate -0.1%	4,202,000	3,987,000
The academy trust's share of the assets in the scheme were:		
	31 August 2018	31 August 2017
	£	£
Equities	1,239,000	995,000
Gilts	64,000	51,000
Other bonds	40,000	42,000
Property	186,000	147,000
Cash and other liquid assets	32,000	40,000
Other	493,000	406,000
Total market value of assets	2,054,000	1,681,000

24 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

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The actual return on scheme assets was £113,000 (2017 - £89,000).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

24 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

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Amounts recognised in the statement of financial activities

	2017/18 £	2016/17 £
Current service cost	586,000	330,000
Interest cost	59,000	37,000
Admin expenses	1,000	1,000
Total amount recognized in the SOFA	646,000	368,000
Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations were as follows	:	
	2017/18	2016/17
	£	£
At start of period	4,069,000	3,404,000
Conversion of academy trusts	-	6,000
Current service cost	586,000	326,000
Interest cost	106,000	64,000
Employee contributions	69,000	41,000
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(506,000)	198,000
Benefits paid	(28,000)	30,000
At 31 August	4,296,000	4,069,000
Changes in the fair value of academy's share of scheme assets:		
	2017/18 £	2016/17 £
At start of period	1,681,000	1,331,000
Interest income	112,000	115,000
Employer contributions	220,000	162,000
Employee contributions	69,000	41,000
Benefits paid	(28,000)	30,000
Effect of non-routine settlements		2,000
At 31 August	2,054,000	1,681,000

25 Related party transactions

Owing to the nature of the academy trust and the composition of the board of governors being drawn from local public and private sector organisations, transactions may take place with organisations in which the trustees have an interest. All transactions involving such organisations are conducted in accordance with the requirements of the AFH and with the academy trust's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures relating to connected and related party transactions.

There were no related party transactions in the year, other than certain trustees' remuneration and expenses already disclosed in note 10.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2018 (continued)

26 Conversion to an academy trust

In the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2017, the Trust reported that the land and buildings associated with Trust schools on conversion had not yet been legally transferred to the Trust. Thus, the value of these assets had not been recognised in the accounts at 31 August 2017.

During the current year, land and buildings associated with two of the schools (Alphington and St Thomas) were legally transferred in, and the accounts recognise the value of the associated land and buildings, and this can be seen on the face of the Statement of Financial Activities.